



Runtime Accuracy-Configurable Approximate Hardware Synthesis Using Logic Gating and Relaxation

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- Approximate Computing
 - Utilizes algorithmic tolerance to inaccuracies
 - Trades accuracy against energy efficiency

Accuracy:

- Output quality strongly depends on its inputs
- Workload tolerance depends on context and environment

Required accuracy changes at runtime

Accuracy configurability is essential!

Background: Accuracy Configuration Using Clock Gating*







Reduced toggling activity

*Kim, Y., Venkataramani, S., Roy, K., & Raghunathan, A. "Designing approximate circuits using clock overgating" DAC 2016

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Proposed: Accuracy Configuration Using Logic Relaxation





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Instantiation for Accuracy Configurability



- An additional method to gating
- Reduce power at area cost
 - + Smaller, more efficient circuits
 - Area and leakage cost of new circuits







Given the same clock cycle, approximation allows: Functional simplifications (e.g. precision scaling)

Synthesis Relaxations

- Boolean remapping
 - Parallel to sequential structures (e.g. Parallel Prefix Adder to Ripple Carry Chain)
- Undoing Gate-level delay optimizations



Relaxed circuits are more power efficient and require less area than the original



Hybrid: Logic Gating and Relaxation







Normalized area cost of Additional Circuit 1 : 0.79x Additional Circuit 2 : 0.59x

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Accuracy: 1 – MRED (Mean Relative Error Distance)





Gating (only) – top line Ckt_{100} ,Area = 1.00x \triangle Ckt_{100} , Area = 1.00x ___ Ckt_{98} , Area = 0.79x \rightarrow Ckt_{98} , Area = 0.50x \rightarrow Instantiating – blue line P_{Exact} P_{Exact} Ckt_{96} , Area = 0.59x - Ckt_{96} , Area = 0.34x - Ckt_{90} , Area = 0.45x \bullet^{-1} Ckt_{90} , Area = 0.19x Hybrid - gray zone 0.91 Normalized Power to 9.0 Normalized Power to 0.80.80.780.750.740.640.620.60.6How to combine? 0.570.55Workload (utilizations) 0.420.40.39 Dynamic power savings (a) Sobel 0.32(b) Euclidian 0.26 Filter Distance Additional leakage power 0.20.298 98 96 90 96 90 100100

Accuracy (%)

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Accuracy (%)

Results – Workloads with Multiple Accuracy Requirements



Pareto optimal solutions وسنتي المحتفظ وسنتي المحتف وسنتي المحتفظ وسنتي المحتفظ وسنتي المحتفظ وسنتي محتفظ وسنتي محتفظ وسنتي المحتفظ وسنتي وسنتي المحتفظ وسنتي المحتفظ وسنتي وسني وسنتي وسنتي وسنتي وسنتي وسن

Energy savings diminish at excess area

Up to 16% energy reduction over gating at 2x area cost (dynamic + leakage)



| Utilization Distributions | Accuracy | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|----------------|------|------|
| Workload | 100% | 98% | 96% | 90% |
| W_eq - even distribution | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.25 |
| W_ex - mostly exact | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| W_ax - mostly approximate | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.7 |
| Corresponds to PSNR: | | 45dB 38dB 31dB | | |

Conclusion



- Instantiating is an additional method to gating for accuracy-configurable approximate circuits
 - Can reduce energy requirement at area cost
- We propose a novel, hybrid design approach:
 - Combines gating and instantiating
 - Benefits from synthesis relaxations and reduced toggling activity
- Our work demonstrates a larger design space of accuracy-configurable

